KEY FINDINGS

Housing
- 9% of housing is subsidized
- 23% of households rent their home
- 25% of housing units are in multifamily buildings

Affordability
- 18% of households spend between 30% and 50% of their income on housing
- 13% of households spend more than half of their income on housing
- $25.34 the hourly wage needed to afford a 2-bedroom apartment

Population
- 44 the median age of residents
- 16% of residents are people of color (BIPOC)
- -2% projected population change from 2020 to 2040

HOW TO READ THIS REPORT
Throughout this report, a series of graphs like the one below are used to show how Middlesex County compares to other counties in the state on a variety of measures.

ABOUT THE HOUSING DATA PROFILES
The Partnership for Strong Communities’ Housing Data Profiles are a free resource to help Connecticut residents, developers, legislators, municipal officials, and others make data-informed decisions. Profiles are available for every town and county in the state. To learn more, please visit pschousing.org or housingprofiles.pschousing.org to view the interactive version of the profiles.

DATA NOTES
Data comes from the 2014-2018 American Community Survey unless stated otherwise. Percentages may differ slightly or not sum to exactly 100% due to rounding.
Overall, 64% of Connecticut’s occupied housing stock is comprised of single-family housing, while 35% is multifamily housing (2+ units in structure). Most single-family homes are occupied by homeowners, while most multifamily units are occupied by renters.

In Middlesex County, 74% of occupied homes are single-family, and 25% are multi-family. Owners live in 81% of Middlesex County’s 56,642 single-family homes, and renters live in 68% of its 18,659 multifamily homes.

Growth is slow in the state, which has seen a 42% decrease in building permits between 1990 and 2017. In Middlesex County, there were 402 building permits issued in 1990, compared to 237 issued in 2017, representing a 41% decrease.
**UNITS BUILT BEFORE 1970**

49%

Older homes are prone to falling into disrepair, and often carry environmental risks such as lead paint. An aging housing stock can be a sign of poor housing quality.

**SPENDING ON ENERGY AS PERCENT OF TOTAL INCOME**

2.9%

Households that use electricity spend 3.3% of their income on energy (3.1% for fuel oil/coal and 2.5% for gas).

**AFFORDABLE HOMES AS A SHARE OF ALL HOUSING UNITS**

9%

The CT Department of Housing calculates the percentage of affordable units in a municipality annually for the Affordable Housing Appeals List. Affordable units are units that are subsidized below market-rate through programs like Housing Choice Vouchers or CHFA/USDA mortgages.

Of the 74,837 total units in Middlesex County, 6,639 are considered to be affordable.
PEOPLE BURDENED BY COST OF HOUSING

31%

Households that are cost-burdened spend more than 30% of their income on housing. Severely cost-burdened spend more than 50% on housing.

RENTERS BURDENED BY COST OF HOUSING

55%

OWNERS BURDENED BY COST OF HOUSING

26%

RENTERS’ HOUSING COSTS AS PERCENT OF INCOME

24%

OWNERS’ HOUSING COSTS AS PERCENT OF INCOME

16%
HOUSING WAGE

$25.34

Each year, the National Low Income Housing Coalition calculates the “housing wage,” the hourly wage needed to afford a two-bedroom rental home without paying more than 30% of income on housing.

Middlesex County’s housing wage is lower than the state housing wage of $26.42.

HOUSING PRESERVATION UNITS

3%

Middlesex County has 2,998 federally assisted housing units, of which 3% are at risk of loss within the next 5 years.
Connecticut population is becoming increasingly diverse, but the BIPOC population is concentrated in certain municipalities, especially Connecticut’s cities. In Middlesex County, 16% of residents are BIPOC, while 84% are white.

In the next twenty years, Middlesex County’s population is projected to shrink from 167,213 to 163,365.
The average household size in Middlesex County has declined between 2000 and 2018.

Understanding who lives in our towns provides insight into the housing and service needs for each community such as accessibility, transportation, child care, and education. Compared to Connecticut, Middlesex County has more households with someone older than 60 and fewer households with school-age children.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Household types as a percent of total</th>
<th>Middlesex County</th>
<th>Connecticut</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Householder living alone</td>
<td>29%</td>
<td>28%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Households with someone older than 60</td>
<td>43%</td>
<td>40%</td>
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<tr>
<td>Households with someone under 18</td>
<td>26%</td>
<td>30%</td>
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